HEADLINE SUMMARY FEB.1, 1957

CZECHOSLOVAK --- RUDE PRAVO EDITORIAL OF FEB.1 SAID THAT WESTERN PROPAGANDA CALLS CZECHOSLOVAKIA A SATTELITE BECAUSE OF WESTERN ANNOYANCE THAT IT IS NOW FREE OF CAPITALIST AND IMPERIALIST FETTERS.

THE GOVERNMENT DELEGATION CONCLUDED ITS MOSCOW VISIT AND LEFT FOR PRAGUE. A COMMUNIQUE, SIGNED BY KRUSHCHEV AND Novotny, WAS ISSUED AT THE CONCLUSION OF TALKS BETWEEN THE TWO COMMUNIST PARTIES.

POLISH --- THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS HAS APPROVED A REPORT ON THE 1957 ECONOMIC PLAN, PRESENTED BY JEDRYCHOWSKI. TOTAL PRODUCTION IS TO GROW BY 4.2 PERCENT, COAL OUTPUT WILL BE 2,150,000 TONS LESS THAN IN 1956.

EIGHT NEW REPATRIATION CENTERS FOR REPATRIATES FROM THE SOVIET UNION WILL BE SET UP IN VARIOUS VOIEVODSHIPS. A GROUP OF YOUNG POLISH JOURNALISTS AND STUDENTS WILL VISIT WESTERN GERMANY. THIS WILL BE THE FIRST CONTACT BETWEEN YOUTH OF BOTH COUNTRIES SINCE THE WAR.

HUNGARIAN --- BUDAPEST CURFEW IS NOW FROM 2400 TO 0400 HRS. FOUR SCHOOL-CHILDREN WERE HANGED BY THEIR SCHOOLMATES BECAUSE THEY DID NOT WANT TO ATTEND RELIGIOUS CLASSES, ACCORDING TO NEPAKARAT. (THE FOUR SURVIVED)

THE GOVERNMENT HAS APPROVED THE INTRODUCTION OF MORE SEVERE PENALTIES FOR THOSE WHO HELP PEOPLE IN ILLEGAL BORDER CROSSINGS. IT ALSO APPROVED MEASURES FOR PREVENTION OF FLOODS.

BULGARIAN --- CHEVRENKOV ADDRESSED A PUBLIC MEETING IN SOFIA. HE DISCUSSED INTERNATIONAL AND DOMESTIC PROBLEMS.
ALBANIAN BROADCASTS GIVE ATTENTION TO
SCHOOLS AMONG ALBANIAN PEOPLE OF ALBANIAN
BULGARIAN
JOINT DECLARATION.
(JAN. 31 - TIRANA: 2000) A CZECH GOVERNMENT DELEGATION
HAS ARRIVED IN TIRANA FOR NEGOTIATING THE 1957 TRADE
AND PAYMENT ACCORD.

EAST GERMAN --- (D. SENDER, JAN 31, 1910 HRS) COMMENTING
ON THE BUNDESTAG DEBATE, SCHNITZLER SAID, BRENTANO'S DECLARA-
TION WAS WEAK, SINCE BONN'S GOVERNMENTAL POLICY IS WEAK AND NOBO-
DY HAD EXPECTED SOMETHING NEW
FROM IT FOR NOBODY KNOWS ANYTHING NEW.
(GDR, JAN 31, 1900 HRS) ACCORDING TO A US NEWS AGENCY UNCON-
FIRMED REPORT, SPEIDEL IS SAID TO HAVE WRITTEN HIS LETTER AT DIRECT
REQUEST OF ALLAN DULLES.
(GDR, JAN 31, 1910 HRS) REFERRING TO FDP POLICY, KURT WUEN-
SCHE SAYS, GERMAN NATION IS STRONG ENOUGH, WHETHER WITH OR WITHOUT
FDP, TO ENFORCE PEACEFUL AND DEMOCRATIC REUNIFICATION.

RUSSIAN --- SOVIET - CZECHOSLOVAK TALKS AND JOINT STATE-
MENT ARE GIVEN PROMINENCE BY RADIO MOSCOW. THE NEWS
RANGING SECOND IS FINNISH PREMIER FAGERHOLM'S STAY
IN MOSCOW.

YUGOSLAV --- THE DEVELOPMENT OF RUMANIAN INDUSTRY WILL
CONTINUE SLOWLY, ACCORDING TO THE REAL POSSIBILITIES OF THE
COUNTRY SAYS THE COMMENTATOR OF RADIO ZAGREB (JAN 31, 1830),
IN AN ARTICLE TITLED "ON NEW SOCIAL - ECONOMIC MEASURES IN
RUMANIA". --- COMMENTING ON WORKERS' COUNCIL ISSUE IN HUN-
GARY. DADIC REPORTS ON THE MEETING OF GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE
FOR WORKERS' COUNCILS AND SPEECH OF MINISTER APRO WHO SAID,
THE STUDY OF EXPERIENCE IN WORKERS' MANAGEMENT IN OTHER
COUNTRIES WILL BE USEFUL FOR FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF WC'S IN
HUNGARY (BELGRADE - JAN 31, 1930 HRS). --- THE PERMANENT IN-
CREASE OF US FOREIGN TRADE INDICATES THE GROWING DEPENDENCE
OF US ON THE REST OF THE WORLD, SAYS A COMMENTARY BY RADIO
ZAGREB (JAN 31, 1830 HRS).

RUMANIAN --- (JAN. 31 - BUCH: 2100) PREMIER CHIVU
STOICA TODAY SPOKE AS CANDIDATE OF THE BUCHAREST
23 AUGUST PRECINCT CONSTITUENCY. (PLS SEE AGERPRES-
FEB. 1 - ITEM ONE).
(FEB. 1 - BUCH: 0700) ANOTHER PRE-ELECTION SPEECH WAS
MADE BY FIRST FIVE - PREMIER BODNARAS, IN CAMPULEUNG MOLDEVENESC.
(PLS. SEE AGERPRES - FEB. 1 - ITEM FOUR)
(0815) SCANTEIA EDITORIALLY STRESSES BENEFITS FOR
NATIONAL MINORITIES UNDER PEOPLE'S REGIME.
1. **USSR - CZECHOSLOVAK TALKS.**

**NOTE:** PROMINENCE IS GIVEN TO THE SOVIET - CZECHOSLOVAK TALKS, THE JOINT STATEMENT ON THE TALKS, AND THE DEPARTURE OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK DELEGATION.

**MOSCOW (JAN 31, 1900 HRS):** THOUSANDS OF PERSONS GATHERED AT THE GREAT KREMLIN PALACE TO DEMONSTRATE THEIR FONDNESS FOR CZECHOSLOVAKIA. VOROSHILOV AND ZAPOTOCKY SPOKE (SEE TASS REPORTS).

**MOSCOW (JAN 31, 2200 HRS):** CARRIED THE TEXT OF THE JOINT USSR - CZECHOSLOVAK STATEMENT ON THE TALKS. THE STATEMENT STRESSES INTER ALIA THAT BOTH DELEGATION CONSIDER IT NECESSARY TO DEVOTE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE SERIOUS MENACE TO PEACE AND SECURITY INTENSIFIED IN CONNECTION WITH MEASURES TAKEN BY IMPERIALIST CIRCLES FOR SPEEDING UP REMILITARIZATION IN WESTERN GERMANY. SOVIET ASSISTANCE TO HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT AGAINST COUNTERREVOLUTION IS TERMED "FULFILLMENT OF HER INTERNATIONAL DUTY." BROTHERLY RELATIONS, BASED ON THE PRINCIPLES OF FULL EQUALITY AND MUTUAL RESPECT ARE ALSO STRESSED. (FOR DETAILS PLS SEE TASS NO. 38, JAN 31).

2. **DOMESTIC NEWS:**

**MOSCOW (JAN 31, 2230 HRS):** THE SCIENTIFIC SESSION OF THE BRANCH OF THE USSR ACADEMY OF SCIENCES TOOK PLACE IN KAZAN TO DISCUSS THE PROSPECTS OF DEVELOPMENT OF COAL INDUSTRY ON THE TERRITORY OF TATARIA. DEPOSITS OF PIT- COAL ARE ESTIMATED AT BILLIONS OF TONS.

**MOSCOW (JAN 31, 2230 HRS):** THE ALL-UNION CONFERENCE ON PRODUCTION OF HYBRID MAIZE SEED OPENED IN ODÉSSA TODAY. THIS PRODUCTION IS CONDUCTED NOW BY 40 SELECTION INSTITUTES, MORE THAN 2,800 KOLKHOZES AND ABOUT 150 SOVKHOZ. PARTICIPANTS DESCRIBED SERIOUS SHORTCOMINGS WHICH IMPEDE THE CREATION OF A LASTING BASE FOR THE PRODUCTION.

**KAGANOVICH ARRIVED IN STALINSK FROM NOVOSIBIRSK TODAY.**

**MOSCOW (FEB 1, 0700 HRS):** THE ASSEMBLAGE OF THE FIRST SOVIET SELF-PROPELLED CATERPILLAR THERMO-DRILLING MACHINE HAS BEEN COMPLETED AT THE LENINCORSHKI POLYMETALLIC COMINE.

**THE REPUBLICAN RALLY OF YOUTH ESTONIAN AGRICULTURAL FRONTS OPENED IN TALLIN YESTERDAY.**

**MOSCOW (FEB 1, 0800 HRS):** THE EIGHTH INTERNATIONAL FASHION CONGRESS WILL TAKE PLACE IN MOSCOW IN JUNE 1957.

3. **RECEPTION AT FINNISH EMBASSY IN HONOR OF PREMIER FAGERHOLM'S STAY IN MOSCOW.** FAGERHOLM, BULGAININ AND KRUSHCHOV SPOKE; CHINESE PARLIAMENTARY DELEGATION ARRIVED IN MOSCOW TODAY ON THEIR WAY HOME FROM YUGOSLAVIA; A POLISH DELEGATION ARRIVED IN MOSCOW TODAY TO CONDUCT TALKS ON CULTURAL COLLABORATION IN 1957; MARSHAL ZHUKOV'S ARRIVAL IN POONA (INDIA); USSR ENSEMBLE OF PEOPLES DANCES IS STARKING IN CAIRO; CP OF THE UNITED STATES PROTESTED WITH EISENHOWER AGAINST RACIAL TERROR IN THE SOUTH; ANTICOMMUNIST HYSTERSIA HAS CONSIDERABLY GROWN IN GREAT BRITAIN LATELY; US POLICY BREEDS DANGEROUS CONSEQUENCES, AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEM RESTS WITH US RULING CIRCLES, ZORIN SAYS IN COMMENTARY.

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**CZECHOSLOVAK MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS JAN. 31- FEB. 1, 1957**

**PRAGUE I UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED**

1. **RUDE PRAVO EDITORIAL ENTITLED "THE HISTORIC IMPORTANCE OF THE MOSCOW TALKS"**

(FEB. 1, 0510 HRS) THE EDITORIAL DISCUSSED THE MOSCOW NEGOTIATIONS, HELD IN A SPIRIT OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING.
AND AGREEMENT. THERE ARE PEOPLE, ESPECIALLY IN THE WEST, WHO FIND IT DIFFICULT TO UNDERSTAND SUCH SINCERITY, FRANKNESS AND FRATERNAL SPIRIT IN RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. THEY JUDGE BY THEIR OWN PRACTICES. THE CAPITALISTS... WHO AT EVERY TURN TRY TO TRICK EACH OTHER, TAKE ADVANTAGE OF A PARTNER'S WEAKNESS AND RUTHLESSLY SQUEEZE HIM OUT, CHARGE THAT WE DO NOT ACT FREELY, THAT WE ARE A SATELLITE STATE. THE TRUTH IS THAT THEY ARE GREATLY ANNOYED THAT WE ESCAPED THE PRE-WAR FETTERS WHICH BOUND US TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE, WHEN WE HAD TO PAY A TRAGIC PRICE FOR OUR ALLIANCE. THAT IS WHY WE ARE BUILDING UP A NEW RELATIONSHIP ON THE BASIS OF AN ALLIANCE WITH THE USSR. - THE EDITORIAL GOES ON TO CHARGE THE AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS WITH THINKING UP NEW METHODS OF FORCING THEIR RULE ON VARIOUS PARTS OF THE WORLD. THEY SEE RICH POSSIBILITIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST, AND THAT IS WHY THEY THOUGHT UP THE EISENHOWER DOCTRINE. -

2. MOSCOW VISIT CONCLUDED
(JAN. 31, 1230, 1900, 2200 HRS) ALL THREE GROUPS OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK GOVERNMENT DELEGATION RETURNED TO MOSCOW. THE GROUP HEADED BY ZAPOTOCKY WAS GREETED BY MIKOYAN. - BEFORE THE DELEGATION'S DEPARTURE FOR HOME, A RALLY OF SEVERAL THOUSAND MUSCOVITES WAS HELD IN THE KREMLIN, AT WHICH ALL CZECHOSLOVAK DELEGATES AND THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP WERE PRESENT. VOROSHILOV GREETED THE DELEGATES, REVIEWING CZSL-SOVIET RELATIONS IN THE PAST, AND POINTED OUT THAT CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAS ONE OF THE HIGHEST LIVING STANDARDS IN EUROPE. EVERYBODY NOT BLINDED BY IMPERIALIST PROPAGANDA UNDERSTANDS THAT THE SOCIALIST ROAD IS THE ONLY RIGHT ONE FOR CZECHOSLOVAKIA. HE ALSO MENTIONED THE BANKRUPTCY OF IMPERIALIST POLICIES IN EGYPT AND HUNGARY AND EXPRESSED "DEEP SATISFACTION" THAT CZECHOSLOVAKIA TOOK A BASICALLY CORRECT ATTITUDE TO THE HUNGARIAN EVENTS.

THE CZSL DELEGATION LEFT MOSCOW AT 1800 HRS. IT WAS SEEN OFF BY SOVIET LEADERS, INCLUDING VOROSHILOV, BULGAININ, KHRUSHCHEV.


THE MOSCOW PRAVDA ON THURSDAY PRINTED AN EDITORIAL ON THE RESULTS OF THE CZSL-SOVIET TALKS.
2. OTHER NEWS (JAN. 31)

(1230 HRS BRATISLAVA) A NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CORN GROWING STARTED IN BRATISLAVA.
(0700 HRS BRATISLAVA) A CONFERENCE OF CHIEF EDITORS OF SLOVAK NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS STARTED IN KOSICE.
(0900 HRS BRATISLAVA) THE FIRST MEETING OF A CENTRAL COMMITTEE FOR FIGHT AGAINST ALCOHOLISM WAS HELD IN PRAGUE.
(2030 HRS BRATISLAVA) SLOVAKS CONSUMED ALCOHOL WORTH 250 CROWNS PER HEAD IN 1956, BUT SPENT ONLY 14 CROWNS ON BOOKS.
(1800 HRS) RADIO MOSCOW BROADCAST IN CzeCH REPORTED ON THE DOCUMENTARY MATERIAL WHICH THE USSR IS RETURNING TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA. IT PROVIDES PROOF OF THE ANTI-PopULAR ACTIVITIES OF BENEŠ AND MASARYK AND THROWS LIGHT ON THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE BOURGEOIS CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC WAS FOUND.
(1900 HRS) INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY WAS ON THE "BACKGROUND" OF THE SANDYS-WILSON TALKS IN WASHINGTON.

FOREIGN NEWS: KADAR SPEECH, SOVIET PLAN FULFILLMENT, ZHU KOV IN INDIA, AMERICAN DIPLOMATS EXPELLED FROM MOSCOW.

POLISH MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS JAN. 31, FEB. 1, 1957

WARSZAWA II UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

1. ECONOMIC PLAN FOR 1957 APPROVED

(FEB. 1, 0600 HRS) THE GOVERNMENT AT ITS SESSION YESTERDAY APPROVED A REPORT ON THE 1957 NATIONAL ECONOMY PLAN, PRESENTED BY JEDRZCHOWSKI. TOTAL PRODUCTION IS TO GROW BY 4.2 PERCENT. COAL OUTPUT HAS BEEN SET AT 93 MILLION TONS - 2,150,000 LESS THAN IN 1956. PRODUCTION OF FOUNDRIES IS TO GROW BY 5.7 PERCENT, ELECTRIC POWER BY 11 PERCENT, PRODUCTION IN CHEMICAL INDUSTRY, 14 PERCENT. GENERAL INCREASE OF PRODUCTION IS FORESEEN IN THE LIGHT INDUSTRY.

2. FRIDAY MORNING NEWSCASTS

(FEB. 1, 0600, 0800 HRS) A CULTURAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN POLAND AND KOREA WAS SIGNED IN WARSAW. - NEW POLISH AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW, GEDE WAS RECEIVED BY PATOLICHEV. - SARTRE SAID IN AN INTERVIEW WITH PAP THAT ALL PROGRESSIVE PEOPLE IN FRANCE ARE CLOSELY WATCHING THE DEVELOPMENT IN POLAND.

3. REPATRIATION

(JAN. 31, 1830 HRS WARSZAWA II) EIGHT NEW REPATRIATION CENTERS FOR POLES RETURNING FROM THE SOVIET UNION ARE TO BE SET UP IN SPRING IN THE SZCZECIN, OLSZTYN, ZIELONA GORA AND RZESZOW VOIVODSHIPS. IT IS EXPECTED THAT STATE AID FOR THE REPATRIATES WILL BE CONSIDERABLY GREATER THIS YEAR.
(JAN. 31, 1740 HRS SZCZECIN) 119 POLES, MOSTLY COMING FROM THE SOVIET UNION, HAVE REGISTERED AT THE SZCZECIN REPATRIATION CENTER.

4. STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES

(JAN. 31, 1830 HRS WARSZAWA II) THE POLISH STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION IS WIDENING ITS COOPERATION WITH STUDENTS' ORGANIZATIONS IN OTHER COUNTRIES. A 10-PERSON DELEGATION OF THE ASSOCIATION WILL LEAVE FOR FRANCE IN THE SECOND HALF OF FEBRUARY. A SIX-PERSON DELEGATION INCLUDING REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ASSOCIATION OF SOCIALIST YOUTH AND JOURNALISTS FROM "PO PROSTU", "WYBOJ", "NASZE SPRAWY" WILL LEAVE IN MID-FEBRUARY FOR WESTERN GERMANY.
THIS WILL BE THE FIRST CONTACT BETWEEN POLISH AND WEST GERMAN STUDENTS SINCE THE LAST WAR.

5. OTHER NEWS (JAN.31)
(1200 HRS) IN THE LAST THREE MONTHS, 21 NEW COOPERATIVES HAVE BEEN REGISTERED IN LOWER SILESIA. THEY MOSTLY REPLACED COOPERATIVES WHICH WERE DISSOLVED LAST YEAR.
(1900 HRS WARSAW III) "MAGAZYN POLSKI" — POLISH MAGAZINE—IS THE NAME OF A NEW MONTHLY WHICH WILL APPEAR SHORTLY, AND WHICH IS INTENDED FOR FOREIGN READERS.
(1900 HRS WARSAW III) 158,000 TONS OF GRAIN HAVE ALREADY BEEN DELIVERED FROM THE SOVIET UNION.
(2000 HRS WARSAW II) MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE EDWARD OCHAB ADDRESSED A CONFERENCE OF SECRETARIES OF DISTRICT PRODUCTION COOPERATIVES UNIONS.

THE COLLECTION ORGANIZED IN POLAND TO ASSIST THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE HAS BROUGHT OVER 42 MILLION ZLOTY.

POLAND WILL PARTICIPATE IN INTERNATIONAL FAIRS AND EXHIBITIONS IN 21 COUNTRIES THIS YEAR.
(2300 HRS) NUMEROUS INSTITUTIONS AND SOCIETIES ARE DEMANDING THE REVIVAL IN KRAKOW OF THE POLISH ACADEMY OF ARTS AND SCIENCES.

HUNGARIAN MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS JAN.31, FEB.1 1957
KOSUTH RADIO UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

1. PROBLEMS OF RELIGION CLASSES — FOUR CHILDREN HANGED
(JAN.31, 1930 HRS) THURSDAY'S NEPAKRAT REPORTED ON A CASE OF FOUR SCHOOL CHILDREN AGED 11 TO 13 FOUND HANGED WITH THEIR OWN SCARVES FROM A COAT RACK. THE DEED WAS COMMITTED BY THEIR SCHOOL-MATES BECAUSE THE FOUR DID NOT WANT TO ATTEND RELIGIOUS CLASSES. (THE REPORT MAKES IT CLEAR THAT THE FOUR SURVIVED.) — INTERVIEWED ON THE PROGRAM, A MOTHER SAID THAT THE IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES OF GROWN-UPS SERIOUSLY AFFECTED HUNGARIAN CHILDREN, WHO SHOUT AT EACH OTHER: "YOU ARE A COMMUNIST. YOU'RE NOT ATTENDING RELIGIOUS CLASSES." THE MOTHER WENT ON TO SAY THAT PEOPLE SHOULD RESPECT EACH OTHER'S WISHES AND DESIRES.

2. BUDAPEST CURFEW
(JAN.31, 2200 HRS) STARTING FEB.1, CURFEW IN BUDAPEST WILL BE FROM 2400 TO 0400 HRS, BY ORDER OF POLICE HEADQUARTERS IN AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET MILITARY COMMAND.

3. PRESS REVIEW OF JAN.31
(1000 HRS) PAPERS CARRY KADAR'S SPEECH IN CSPEL.— NEPAKRAT REPORTS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF WORKERS' COUNCILS. IN THE FIRST STAGES, THE COUNCILS HAD A TENDENCY TO TAKE DECISIONS IN A SUBJECTIVE PERSONAL WAY. NOW, HOWEVER, THE MAJORITY OF THE COUNCILS TAKE INTO ACCOUNT BOTH LOCAL CONDITIONS AND THE NATIONAL INTEREST. THIS DOES NOT MEAN THAT THEY CAN CHANGE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES OF ENTERPRISES AS THEY WANT.—
NEPSZABADSAG CARRIES AN OPEN LETTER BY OSZKAR GELLERT ON HUNGARIAN WRITERS. (NO DETAILS GIVEN.) THE NEWSPAPER
Also reports on a meeting of "intellectuals" in Budapest's second district, with foreign minister Horvath attending. The tenor of the meeting was that intellectuals deserve greater appreciation.

Nepakarat reports that police will deal firmly with those who falsely denounce people, and mentions a case of false denunciation.

4. Other News (Jan. 31)
   (2200 Hrs) The government decided to introduce more severe penalties for regular aiding of illegal border crossing and aiding for financial reward at its meeting today. The penalty will include confiscation of all property for those convicted.
   (1730 Hrs) Radio Pécs carried a commentary on rumors appearing on blackboards of the Pécs University to the effect that there are seven divisions in Bakony County, headed by General Maleter, readying for a new battle. The commentary wonders how 100,000 men are being supplied, and why the government is doing nothing about it. One can reassure the public that there are no men hiding in the county. There are people who always wait for something, if not the seven divisions in Bakony, than they wait for the American army to come.
   (1300 Hrs) Agricultural program said that according to unofficial estimates, there are now 1,997 collective farms in Hungary.
   (2000 Hrs) Coal output on Wednesday totalled 57,596 tons (for the whole country.)
   (2200 Hrs) The government at its session also approved a report on prevention of floods.
   (1730 Hrs) Radio Győr reported on Marosan's speech in Győr. (The program could not be heard.)

Novi Sad, in Hungarian, reported on workers' councils activities.

RUMANIAN MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS - JAN. 31 - FEBR. 1, 57

1. STOIICA'S PRE-ELECTION SPEECH
   (Jan. 31 - Buch. 2100) Note: Following is abridged text with excerpts from speech delivered by premier Chivu Stoica within framework of election campaign in Bucharest, with 2,000 people attending, today. (Stoica delivered this speech as candidate of the Democratic Front in the Bucharest "23 August" Precinct Constituency):

   "Dear comrades and citizens: on February three, nineteen fifty-seven, the citizens of our fatherland will be called to elect new representatives to the supreme organ of the regime, the Grand National Assembly. Our country's democratic and patriotic forces, headed by the Romanian Workers' Party, are going to the present elections united in the people's democratic front. This front represents the interests and the unity of the broadest masses of our people, of the working class, of the working peasantry, and of progressive intelligentsia. The political enthusiasm and elan in work, under which the present electoral campaign is being carried out, show the profound attachment of the broad people's masses for the people's democratic regime, for the socialist achievements of the working people."

STOICA WENT ON:
"THIS IS AN EXPRESSION OF THE PROFOUNDLY DEMOCRATIC CHARACTER OF OUR STATE REGIME, AND SHOWS ONCE AGAIN THAT IN OUR COUNTRY THE TRUE LEADERS ARE THE MASSES OF MILLIONS OF WORKERS, PEASANTS AND INTELLECTUALS, THE ENTIRE WORKING PEOPLE."...

PEOPLE'S UNSHAKABLE CONFIDENCE.

IN CONTINUATION, STOICA RECALLED "THE UNSHAKABLE CONFIDENCE (OF THE WORKING PEOPLE) IN THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REGIME, THEIR DECISION TO IMPLEMENT THE POLICY OF THE PARTY AND GOVERNMENT ..." THEN HE SAID THE ELECTORAL CAMPAIGN WAS AN "OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A BALANCE-SHEET OF ROAD COVERED UNTIL NOW, AND AT SAME TIME TO LOOK AHEAD IN ORDER TO SEE THE TASKS FACING THE RUMANIAN PEOPLE."...

CHANGES IN THIRTEEN YEARS.

AFTER STRESSING THAT THIRTEEN YEARS AGO RUMANIA WAS IN THE HANDS OF CAPITALISTS AND LANDOWNERS, IN A STATE OF PROFOUND POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL BACKWARDNESS, STOICA ADDED "TODAY THE SITUATION IS RADICALLY DIFFERENT."...

NO RETURN TO SLAVERY.

"THE POWER TODAY IS IN THE HANDS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE," STOICA EMPHASIZED, "AND THOUGH DESPITE ALL PLOTS OF IMPERIALISTIC CIRCLES " ON EITHER SIDE OF THE OCEAN, AND THE FORMER CAPITALISTS AND LANDOWNERS IN SERVICE OF IMPERIALISTS, NO ONE CAN RETURN THE RUMANIAN PEOPLE TO BOURGEOIS - LANDOWNER SLAVERY."...

AS AN EXAMPLE OF PROGRESS MADE UNDER THE PEOPLE'S REGIME, STOICA CITED THAT OF THE "23 AUGUST" PRECINCT, STRESSING THE CONTRAST BETWEEN ITS CONDITIONS IN THE PAST AND THE PRESENT CONDITIONS; IN PART HE STRESSED THAT MORE THAN 47,000 METERS OF STREETS HAD BEEN SUPPLIED WITH ELECTRIC LIGHTING, THAT FOUR BELTS COVERING AN AREA OF ALMOST 60,000 SQUARE METERS HAD BEEN LAID OUT, NEW SCHOOLS, NEW HEALTH UNITS, ETC.

STOICA, HOWEVER, RECOGNIZED THAT THERE STILL WERE MANY DIFFICULTIES TO OVERCOME, BUT, HE ADDED, MANY OF THE PROBLEMS FOR IMPROVING SITUATION WERE TO BE SOLVED THIS YEAR...

VOLUNTARY WORK.

HE ADDED: "THE FACT THAT IN 1956 ALONE, MORE THAN 80,000 WORKERS WORKED VOLUNTARILY OVER ONE MILLION HOURS ON PAVING, ELECTRIFICATION, SEWAGE AND OTHER COMMUNAL PROJECTS CARRIED OUT IN THIS RAISON IS AN EXAMPLE OF CIVIC CONSCIOUSNESS AND OF CREATIVE INITIATIVE OF THE MASSES".

INDUSTRIALIZATION ESSENTIAL.

AFTER RECALLING THAT THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC STATE HAD ALLOCATED MANY MATERIAL AND FINANCIAL MEANS IN ORDER TO BUILD A POWERFUL SOCIALIST INDUSTRY, STOICA SAID:
"THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE, THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY, AND THE PEOPLE'S WELFARE CAN BE INSURED ONLY IF WE HAVE AN ADVANCED TECHNICAL BASE; A HEAVY INDUSTRY ABLE TO UTILIZE THE COUNTRY'S INMENSE NATURAL WEALTH, TO INCREASE THE NATIONAL INCOME, TO GIVE THOROUGH SUPPORT TO THE PROGRESS OF
DESPITE CAPITALIST ESCAPEES-

RPR PREMIER CHIVU STOICA WENT ON TO SAY:
"THE ENEMIES OF THE REGIME HAVE DERIDED THE HEROIC EFFORTS
OF THE WORKING CLASS AND FORECAST THE FAILURE OF THE COUNTRY'S
INDUSTRIALIZATION. HOWEVER, THE WORKING CLASS, IN ALLIANCE WITH
THE WORKING PEASANTRY AND WITH THE ACTIVE PARTICIPATION OF ALMOST
ALL THE INTELLIGENTIA UNDER THE PARTY'S LEADERSHIP SHOVED
THAT IT CAN CREATE, DEVELOP, AND MANAGE A POWERFUL NATIONAL ECONOMY.

THE PARTY'S POLICY OF SOCIALIST INDUSTRIALIZATION HAS PROVED
TO BE CORRECT AND CORRESPONDING WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL INTERESTS OF
THE COUNTRY AND OF THE PEOPLE. HOWEVER UNEASY IT MAY BE FOR
THE CAPITALIST GENTLEMEN WHO FLED
ABROAD, AND FOR THE IMPERIALIST TRUSTS, WE NOW HAVE A
POWERFUL HEAVY INDUSTRY. WE HAVE A POWERFUL MATERIAL
BASE FOR THE UTILIZATION -- FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PEOPLE
OF THE OIL, NATURAL GASES, URANIUM, RARE METALS, SALTS, AND OTHER
WEALTH ABOVE AND BELOW GROUND.

INDUSTRIAL UPSURGE.-
AT THE END OF NINETEEN FIFTY-SIX, THE COUNTRY'S INDUSTRIAL
PRODUCTION WAS MORE THAN THREE TIMES HIGHER THAN IN NINETEEN
THIRTY-EIGHT. ELECTRIC ENERGY PRODUCED DURING THE WHOLE OF
NINETEEN THIRTY-EIGHT IS NOW BEING PRODUCED IN THREE MONTHS;
IRON ORE IS BEING PRODUCED IN 94 DAYS; STEEL IN THREE
MONTHS; AND METHANE GAS IN TWENTY-EIGHT DAYS, COMPARED WITH
NINETEEN THIRTY-EIGHT. IN NINETEEN FIFTY-SIX, ELECTRIC ENERGY
PRODUCTION WAS FOUR POINT TWO TIMES GREATER THAN IN NINETEEN
THIRTY-EIGHT, COAL PRODUCTION IS TWO POINT THREE TIMES HIGHER,
PIG IRON PRODUCTION IS FOUR POINT THREE TIMES HIGHER. (APPLAUSE
AND RHYTHMIC SHOUTING OF CHIVU STOICA'S NAME).

MORE INDUSTRIAL UPSURGE.-
"AT THE END OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR, THE COUNTRY'S OIL
PRODUCTION FELL TO FOUR MILLION TONS PER YEAR. TODAY OUR OIL
INDUSTRY IS PRODUCING ELEVEN MILLION TONS OF CRUDE OIL PER YEAR.

RPR MACHINE BUILDING.
A GREAT ACHIEVEMENT OF OUR PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REGIME IS THE
BUILDING OF OUR OWN MACHINE - BUILDING INDUSTRY. WITH THE HELP OF
THIS INDUSTRY, THE TECHNICAL ASPECT OF ALL THE BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY,
AGRICULTURE, TRANSPORTS, AND CONSTRUCTIONS IS BEING CONSTANTLY
DEVELOPED AND MODERNIZED, AND THE INTRODUCTION OF THE NEW TECH-
NOLOGY INTO THE WHOLE NATIONAL ECONOMY IS BEING INSURED. (APPLAUSE)
IN NINETEEN FIFTY-FIVE THE OUTPUT OF THE MACHINE - BUILDING
INDUSTRY WAS FOUR TIMES HIGHER THAN IN NINETEEN FORTY-NINE.
FIFTEEN YEARS AGO, WE WERE IMPORTING EVEN SIMPLE AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENT. NOW WE ARE NOT ONLY COMPLETELY COVERING OUR HOME
NEEDS, BUT WE ARE EXPORTING EVER INCREASING QUANTITIES OF
INDUSTRIAL MACHINES AND EQUIPMENT. IN NINETEEN FIFTY-SIX, THE VALUE
OF MACHINERY EXPORTS EXCEEDED THE VALUE OF MACHINERY IMPORTS.
THIS YEAR, MACHINERY EXPORTS WILL BE MORE THAN FOUR AND A HALF
TIMES HIGHER THAN THE VALUE OF MACHINES WE SHALL IMPORT. ALL THIS
IS AN EXPRESSION OF THE PROFOUND TRANSFORMATION WHICH TOOK
PLACE IN OUR COUNTRY'S ECONOMY, A TRANSFORMATION WHICH RESULTED IN
ROMANIA BECOMING FROM A BACKWARD AGRARIAN STATE A CONSTANTLY
DEVELOPING INDUSTRIAL - AGRARIAN COUNTRY. (APPLAUSE)

MORE CONSUMER GOODS.-
SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE POWERFUL DEVELOPMENT OF HEAVY INDUSTRY,
THE MASS CONSUMER GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRY HAS ALSO
DEVELOPED CONSTANTLY. OUR COUNTRY IS NOW PRODUCING THREE TIMES
MORE FABRICS, FIVE TIMES MORE MEAT PRODUCTS AND CANNED MEAT,
THREE TIMES MORE EDIBLE OILS, AND ALMOST TWO AND A HALF TIMES
MORE SUGAR AND FATS THAN IN NINETEEN THIRTY-EIGHT."
LAND SOCIALIZATION.

"IMPORTANT PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE ALSO IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AGRICULTURE. DURING THE YEARS OF THE PEOPLE'S REGIME, OVERALL GRAIN PRODUCTION EXCEEDED THE PREWAR GRAIN PRODUCTION. WITH THE HELP OF SOCIALIST INDUSTRY, GREAT STRIDES ARE BEING MADE IN THE MECHANIZATION OF AGRICULTURE. IN THE LAST FOUR YEARS ALONE, APPROXIMATELY TEN THOUSAND TRACTORS, SIX THOUSAND SOWING MACHINES, FIVE THOUSAND REAPERS, FIVE THOUSAND TILLING MACHINES, AND COMBINES, AND MANY OTHER AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY WERE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE WORKING PEASANTRY. (+EXCAUSE+)

IN THE PERIOD OF TIME WHICH PASSED SINCE THE LAST ELECTIONS OF DEPUTIES TO THE GRAND NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF WORKING PEASANT FAMILIES, FOLLOWING THE PARTY'S URGING, JOINED ASSOCIATIONS, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION COOPERATIVES, AND COLLECTIVE FARMS, AND STARTED ON THE PATH OF THE SOCIALIST TRANSFORMATION OF AGRICULTURE, A PATH WHICH LEADS TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND TO ABUNDANCE.

FOR PEOPLE'S WELFARE.


2. BODNARAS'S SPEECH.

(FEB. 17, 1940) IN HIS PRE-ELECTION SPEECH IN CAMPAIGN

"DESIGN TO MAKE OUR PEOPLE'S ACHIEVEMENTS, SAID IN PART:"

"WHEN WE PUT OURSELVES WITHIN FRAMEWORK OF PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACY, THE VOTE IS OF VITAL IMPORTANCE. OUR ACHIEVEMENTS HAVE BEEN A REALIZATION OF PEOPLE WHO ADMINISTER THEM BY

NOTHING ALLOWED. EVERYONE WITH AND AGAINST THE ORGANIZATION OF THE WORKING PEOPLE IS HERE. WE ARE DETERMINED TO CRUSH ANY ATTEMPT ON PART OF ANYONE AT SHAKING THE PEOPLE'S POWER AND OUR PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC STATE."

CEREALS FOR THE ARMED SERVICES.

AFTER A SHORT REVIEW OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION, BODNARAS SAID WE NEED CEREALS FOR OUR CENTRALIZED FUND, IN ORDER TO SECURE SUPPLIES TO TOWN; AND" THERE STILL EXIST DIFFICULTIES IN SUPPLYING—HE ADDED—"WE RECOGNIZE THIS, BUT WE ARE NOT AFRAID OF IT, BECAUSE ALL DIFFICULTIES WILL BE OVERCOME... WE HAVE ABDOLISHED QUOTAS IN ORDER TO AID PEASANTS THAT THEY MAY BE MORE INTERESTED IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION..."

3. SCANTEIA: NATIONAL MINORITIES.

(FEB. 1, 1940) UNDER HEADING "A POWERFUL SOURCE OF POWER OF THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REGIME" SCANTEIA EDITORIALLY STRESSES THE CONTRAST BETWEEN TREATMENT OF ROUMANIA'S NATIONAL MINORITIES UNDER THE BOURJEOIS REGIMES
AND THEIR RIGHTS NOW EQUAL TO THOSE OF ALL OTHER CITIZENS, ESPECIALLY, SCANTEIA POINTS OUT, CONCERNING RIGHT OF VOTE.

SCANTEIA GOES ON TO OBSERVE THAT 16,000 WORKERS BELONGING TO NATIONAL MINORITIES TODAY ARE DEPUTIES TO PEOPLE'S COUNCILS, OTHER NUMBERLESS COVER FUNCTIONS OF HIGH RESPONSIBILITY IN STATE APPARATUS, IN PEOPLE'S ARMY, IN ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES, CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS, ETC.

SCANTEIA CONCLUDES BY REAFFIRMING THE DETERMINATION OF THE PEOPLE'S REGIME TO CONTINUE TO GIVE ALL ATTENTION AND ASSISTANCE TO NATIONAL MINORITIES. ALL ATTEMPTS OF THE BOURGEOIS AND NATIONAL HEIRARCHIES, THE MAIN WEAPON IN HANDS OF IMPERIALISTS, AGAINST NATIONAL MINORITIES, WILL BE DEFEATED.

BULGARIAN MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS. 1 FEBRUARY 1957.

1. RABOTNICHESKO DELO LEADER.

... SOFIA (1 FEB. 0630 HRS.) HEADLINED: "SINCERE, FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP." THE OTHER DAY, SAID THE ARTICLE, THE BULGARIAN GOVERNMENTAL DELEGATION, LED BY PREMIER ANTON YUGOV, RETURNED FROM A SEVEN-DAY VISIT TO ALBANIA. AS A RESULT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS LED THERE, A NUMBER OF IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS WERE SIGNED: A JOINT REPORT COVERING THE STAY OF OUR DELEGATION IN ALBANIA; AGREEMENT FOR A LONG-TERM CREDIT TO ALBANIA, FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1956 TO 1963, IN DELIVERY OF GOODS AND CONSTRUCTION OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES; PROTOCOL ON SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COLLABORATION; PLAN FOR THE APPLICATION OF THE CULTURAL AGREEMENTS; PLAN FOR COLLABORATION IN THE FIELD OF SOCIAL POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION.

DURING THE STAY OF OUR DELEGATION IN ALBANIA, THE FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS WAS UNDERSCORED. ALBANIA AND BULGARIA HAVE NEVER HAD DIFFERENCES AND HAVE NEVER FUGHT AGAINST EACH OTHER. THIS FRIENDSHIP WAS STRENGTHENED STILL MORE IN 1947, WHEN THE AGREEMENT FOR FRIENDSHIP, COLLABORATION AND MUTUAL AID WAS SIGNED BETWEEN BULGARIA AND ALBANIA. OUR TWO NATIONS ALSO PARTICIPATE IN THE WARSaw TREATY, WHICH GUARANTEES TO THEM THE PRESERVATION OF THE ACHIEVED SOCIALIST SUCCESSES AGAINST ANY KIND OF AGGRESSION.


2. CHERVENKOV HELD A PUBLIC MEETING.

AND ECONOMIC LIFE. WISHES AND SUGGESTION FOR A SOONER SIMPLIFICATION OF OUR EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM WERE MADE, AS WELL AS FOR RICHER ASSORTMENT OF CONSUMER GOODS AND OTHERS.


VALKO CHERVENKOV ANSWERED ALL QUESTIONS AND PROMISED TO CHECK AND BRING TO A JUSTFUL SOLUTION ALL CASES OF SHORTCOMINGS CITED AT THE MEETING. HE UNESSORED THE GREAT ROLE OF THE ACTIVENESS OF THE MASSES ORGANIZED IN THE FATHERLAND FRONT FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF THE GREAT TASKS ASSIGNED BY THE PARTY AND THE GOVERNMENT ON THE ROAD TOWARD BUILDING OF SOCIALISM IN OUR COUNTRY.

IN CONCLUSION, CHERVENKOV MADE A REVIEW OF LATEST EVENTS OF INTERNATIONAL CHARACTER.

3. PRESS REVIEW.

SOFIA (JAN 31, 1230 HRS), PAPERS FRONTPAGE REPORTS ON THE DEPARTURE OF BULGARIAN DELEGATION FROM ALBANIA. IN A TELEGRAM YUGOV THANKED HAXHI LLESHE, MIREND SHEHU, AND ENVER HOXHA FOR CORDIAL RECEPTION. YUGOV ALSO SENT A TELEGRAM OF GREETINGS TO ENTO WHILE FLYING OVER YUGOSLAV TERRITORY. DIPLOMATIC CORPS MEMBERS IN TIRANA INSPECTED THE BULGARIAN DESTROYER DIMITROV. TRUD AND ZA KOOPERATIVNO ZENEDELIE DEVOTE THEIR LEADERS TO THE SEVEN-DAY VISIT OF BULGARIAN DELEGATION IN ALBANIA.

OTHER PRESS TOPICS ARE: ARRIVAL OF GOODS FROM USSR; WINTER FISHING IN BLACK SEA; PREPARATORY WORK FOR SPRING PLANTING; KRICKEN COOPERATIVISTS WILL COMPETE WITH SOVIET KOLKHOZNIK; ADDITIONAL EXPLANATIONS OF THE PENSION LAW; PAGENHOLD'S ARRIVAL IN MOSCOW; ZHUKOV'S SPEECH IN INDIA; UN SECURITY COUNCIL PLENUM; FORTHCOMING UN DISCUSSION ON ALGERIA; WEST GERMAN YOUTH AGAINST MILITARISM; SECOND PART OF THE HUNGARIAN WHITE BOOK; NARODNA MLADEZI CARRIES AN ARTICLE BY HUNGARIAN MINISTER MAROSAN ON 11 YEARS OF HUNGARIAN PEOPLES REPUBLIC.

EAST GERMAN HIGHLIGHTS, 31.1 - 1-2, 1957

1. AGAINST SPEIDEL.

(GDR, JAN 31, 1900 HRS) ACCORDING TO AN UNCONFIRMED REPORT OF A US AGENCY, SPEIDEL IS SAID TO HAVE WRITTEN HIS REPORT AT DIRECT REQUEST OF US SECRET SERVICE CHIEF ALLAN DULLES. SPEIDEL DENIED THROUGH NATO HEADQUARTERS TODAY TO HAVE WRITTEN THE LETTER ATTRIBUTED TO HIM. ON THE OTHER HAND, DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES IN LONDON AND PARIS REMARK THE CURIOSITY THAT NEITHER WG. PRESS NOR WG. RADIO STATIONS PUBLISHED COMMENT ON THE LETTER.

2. FOREIGN DEBATE.

(GDR, JAN 31, 1900 HRS) REFERENCING TO THE BUNDESTAG DEBATE ON BONN'S FOREIGN POLICY, THE SPEAKER OF GDR SAYS, OLLENHAUER CRITICIZED WG POLICY, BUT HE DID NOT SUBMIT ANY CONSTRUCTIVE PROPOSALS FOR GERMAN REUNIFICATION. HE ABORES BY HIS OLD THESIS THAT BONN'S GOVERNMENT HAS TO ASK THE FOUR GREAT POWERS FOR ALL QUESTIONS REGARDING GERMANY'S REUNIFICATION.

(D. SENDER, JAN 31, 1910 HRS) COMMENTING ON TODAYS DEBATE IN BUNDESTAG, KARL EDUARD VON SCHNITZLER ATTACKS BONN'S FOREIGN MINISTER VON BRENTANO, WHOM HE DESCRIBES AS A COLORLESS AND PALLID PERSONALITY. BRENTANO'S DECLARATION WAS WEAK, SINCE BONN'S GOVERNMENTAL POLICY IS WEAK AND NOBODY HAD EXPECTED SOMETHING NEW FROM IT FOR NOBODY KNOWS ANYTHING NEW, SCHNITZLER CONCLUDES.
3. LDPD AND FDP.-- (GDR, Jan 31, 1960 hrs) Recalling the negotiations between LDPD and FDP in 1956, Kurt Wünsche, LDPD party leadership secretary, stresses the fact that FDP is now agreeing to Adenauer's idea of annexing GDR. Despite the fact that FDP has made the first political contacts, with GDR. But, commentator concludes, German nation is strong enough, whether with or without FDP, to enforce the peaceful and democratic reunification.

4. NEWS SUMMARY.-- (GDR, Jan 31, 1960 hrs) Negotiations on working time - cut in GDR private industry and transportation enterprises will be concluded until mid February.-- (GDR, Jan 31, 1960 hrs) Reports on continuing strike in Schleswig-Holstein.-- (GDR, February 1, 0500 hrs) MTB - district conference will be opened in Schwerin today.--

5. ADN REPORTS.-- ADN /31.1/: GDR exhibition in the Leipzig fair /106/; Hungarian trade unionists in GDR /98/; CIC detains Hungarians /89/; US tries to hinder Hungarians from returning home /76/; ADN, February 1: Neues Deutschland editorial titled "Decision of the Worker" deals with the strike in Schleswig-Holstein.

YUGOSLAV MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS, 31 JAN 1 FEBR 57--

1. NEW RUMANIAN COURSE.-- (ZAGREB, 31 Jan, 1830 hrs) Within "Broadcasts from the World," radio commentary titled: "On New Social-Economic Measures in Rumania" says: (The National Front includes?) Women, trade unions, cooperative, cultural and scientific organizations, at the end of the last week, the Front published its program, calling on electors to vote for the achievements of the people's democratic regime; for the policy of raising living standards, proclaimed by the party directorate at the beginning of the current year. Analyzing these achievements, the commentary says that more than one hundred new factories have been built during the past four years; several hundreds of factories have been supplied with modern machinery; coal production has increased twice, steel production four times; oil production has recorded a climax, including in one year by 2,000,000 tons more than during the best pre-war year.-- According to the commentary, the RNP CC during the December plenary has fixed following policy: systematic increase of living standards. Therefore, investments have been lessened to the advantage of material and cultural needs. Development of Industry will continue slowly, according to the R.E.A.L. possibilities of the country. All economic branches will be directed towards mechanical and chemical transformation of agriculture, towards increased production of consumer goods. One step to increase living standards was the 13-15 percent increase of wages, especially of lower ones. Also, the prize system will be simplified.
PARTIAL ABOLISHMENT.-
THE ROMANIAN GOVERNMENT, ALREADY AT THE END OF 1953, PASSED SOME MEASURES AIMED AT INCREASING AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION BY MATERIALLY INTERESTED PEASANTS AND COLLECTIVE FARMERS. IT IS TRUE THAT THESE MEASURES HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT GRADUALLY, AND HAVE NOT BROUGHT AN IMPORTANT CHANGE TO THE OBLIGATORY QUOTA SYSTEM. ONLY THE MEAT QUOTAS WERE LESSENED; THE SYSTEM OF RATIONED SUPPLY TO WORKERS AND FUNCTIONARIES WAS ABOLISHED, AND INDUSTRIAL GOODS WERE TRANSFERRED TO FREE SALE.

ONLY MEAT AND WOOL QUOTAS.
ON JANUARY FIRST, THIS YEAR, THOSE MEASURES WERE ENRICHED BY DISCONTINUING COLLECTION OF CEREALS AND CROPS; POTATOES, HAY, AND MILK. ONLY MEAT AND WOOL CONTINUE TO BE COLLECTED.

CONTINUING, THE COMMENTARY STATES THAT RPR IN FUTURE WILL CREATE AGRICULTURAL RESERVES BY FREE MARKETING. THIS MADE IT POSSIBLE TO GIVE LARGER RIGHTS TO COLLECTIVE FARMS, WHICH SHALL BECOME LEADING UNITS IN SUPPLYING THE CENTRAL AGRICULTURAL FUND.

THE COMMENTARY THEN INSISTS ON LIBERTIES GRANTED TO UNIT MANagements (AS PROVIDED BY THE RMPCG PLENARY DECISIONS - ED.).

THE COMMENTARY CONCLUDES: THESE MEASURES, AS EMPHASIZED HERE, ARE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE. IT IS EXPECTED THAT THEY WILL POWERFULLY AND POSITIVELY INFLUENCE THE FURTHER CONSOLIDATION CONDITIONS IN ROMANIA.

ROMANIAN ELECTIONS.
(ZAGREB, 1953 hrs) TANJUG CORRESPONDENT COMMENTS FROM BUCHAREST ON IMPENDING PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS AND SAYS THESE WOULD BE THE THIRD ELECTIONS IN RPR. ELEVEN MILLION VOTERS WILL VOTE 457 CANDIDATES SET UP BY THE NATIONAL FRONT. CANDIDATES HAVE ATTENDED MORE THAN 5,000 MEETINGS WITH THE ELECTORATE. STOICA WILL SPEAK TODAY.

THE COMMENTARY SAYS THAT ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN GETS ON PEACEFULLY. PARTICIPANTS SAY MEETINGS HAVE BEEN CHARACTERIZED BY LARGE PARTICIPATION OF ELECTORS, AND LIVELY AND REAL DISCUSSIONS. IN THE COUNTRYSIDE, CANDIDATES HAVE EMPHASIZED THE NEW AGRICULTURAL POLICY. EMPHASIZING THIS POLICY, CANDIDATES HAVE CALLED ON ELECTORATE TO SUPPORT THE "NEW COURSE" BY DELIVERING AGRICULTURAL SURPLUS TO THE STATE.

ABOLISHMENT OF "EXAGGERATED CENTRALIZATION" AND LIBERTY WITHIN PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT OF ENTERPRISES HAVE BEEN MET WITH INTEREST BY ELECTORS.

THE COMMENTARY SAYS THAT, IF CANDIDATES WERE ELECTED, THE NEW ASSEMBLY WILL INCLUDE 300 REPRESENTATIVES FROM FACTORIES, COLLECTIVE FARMS, SCIENTISTS, ARTISTS, AND CLERGYMEN. NATIONAL MINORITIES, ESPECIALLY THE HUNGARIAN, WILL ALSO BE REPRESENTED. ALSO THE FRENCH.

THE COMMENTARY CONCLUDES BY ANNOUNCING ELECTIONS RESULTS FOR TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY.

2. DADIC ON HUNGARY.
BELGRADE (JAN 31, 1953 hrs), IN A REPORT TITLED "ECONOMIC MINISTRIES RETAIN FURTHER ALL RIGHTS AND COMPETENCES" BRANISLAV DADIC ONCE MORE COMMENTS ON WORKERS' COUNCILS ISSUE AND SAYS INTER ALIA:

GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE FOR WCE'S.
AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE CENTRAL WORKERS' COUNCIL OF BUDAPEST IN DECEMBER 1956, A GOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE FOR WORKERS' SELFMANAGEMENT HAS BEEN FOUNDED WITH THE AIM TO UNITE THE ACTIVITY OF WORKERS' COUNCILS IN A WAY AND HELP THEM TO FIND EASIER THE RIGHT WAY IN THE PRACTICE OF MANAGING ENTERPRISES. AS WE HAVE LEARNED, THIS COMMITTEE
Lack of clarity.

There is still much lack of clarity with regard to the role of workers councils. APRO's speech will, of course, help to clear up some ideas, and workers councils will for a time be forced to satisfy themselves with limited competences and rights.

APRO FOR CENTRALIZATION.

As long as the main difficulties in economy are not done away with, APRO said, a powerful management of the economic life from the centre will be temporarily introduced. The government considers APRO added, that a certain decentralization and the management from the centre do not represent two contrasts, although some parts of the workers councils bill cannot yet be realized.

The present situation APRO declared, conforms with the governmental program of Jan. 6th, which gives right to the workers councils to participate through elected representatives in directing the economic development of factories and enterprises.

Tasks of ministries.

In continuation APRO said, that there were also opinions that the tasks of ministries will diminish through the appearance of workers councils. However, we temporarily cannot change the role of ministries. They will further mostly retain old rights and competences.

Dual management.

APRO also spoke on the relation between the state authorities and workers councils. According to him, there are in reality dual managements in the factories today. On the one side, there is the ministry, i.e. the director, and on the other side, the workers council. The management of the enterprise remains entirely to be the task of the director.

Study of foreign experience.

APRO also indicated the necessity that the governmental committee for workers self-management should collect all experiences which Hungarian workers councils have made till now, in order for these experiences to serve in further development of the councils. The study of experiences in workers management in other countries will serve the same purpose.

3. ON US ECONOMY.

ZAGREB (JAN. 31, 1830 HRS), CARRIES AN ARTICLE COMMENTING ON US ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. IN HIS "STATE OF THE UNION" MESSAGE, IT IS SAID IN THE COMMENTARY, EISENHOWER HAS PAID MUCH ATTENTION TO THE PROBLEM OF INFLATION WHICH, AS IT SEEMS, IS MOSTLY ALARMING IN THE INTERNAL DOMAIN. THE PERMANENT INCREASE OF US FOREIGN TRADE INDICATES THE GROWING DEPENDANCE OF US ON THE REST OF THE WORLD. THIS YEAR SHOULD BE THE YEAR OF A "RESTRICTED BOOM".

4. ON FOREIGN VISITS TO USA.

ZAGREB (JAN. 31, 1939 HRS), JOVAN SCEKIC IN A REPORT FROM NEW YORK ONCE MORE DEALS WITH RECENT EVENTS CONNECTED WITH THE VISITS OF THE HEADS OF FOREIGN STATES, WHICH EVENTS ARE BELIEVED TO "HAVE A TRADITIONAL DISPUTE IN THE BACKGROUND". THE DIPLOMATS IN UN REMARK THAT ALL WILL DEPEND ON IKE'S STAND. AS IT SEEMS, THE US PRESIDENT HAS STARTED HIS NEW FOUR-YEAR-STAY IN THE WHITE HOUSE DECIDED TO PUT HIS OWN STAMP TO THE FOREIGN POLICY OF HIS COUNTRY AND ON THE PHYSIOGNOMY OF HIS PARTY.
MINORITY RIGHTS CLAIMED.

BELGRADE (JAN 31, 1957 HRS) MILUTIN MILENKOVIĆ COMMENTED ON THE DIFFICULTIES OF YUGO MINORITY IN AUSTRIA AND STATES, THAT VARIOUS GREAT-GERMAN CHAUVINISTS AND PAPERS ARE MORE AND MORE INCITING AN ANTI-SLOVENIAN AND ANTI-CROATIAN CAMPAIGN. THIS HAD FORCED REPRESENTATIVES OF YUGO MINORITY TO CLAIM THEIR RIGHTS GUARANTEED BY THE AUSTRIAN PEACE TREATY.

DOMESTIC NEWS IN BRIEF.

A MEETING OF THE PRESIDIOIUM OF THE YUGO UNION FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION TOOK PLACE IN BELGRADE. THE RIJEKA SHIP-BUILDING ENTERPRISE "TRECI MAJ" HAS ENDED WORK ON THE 10,500-TONS SHIP "SIBENIK", WHICH WILL BELONG TO THE "YUGO UNIJA" ENTERPRISES. THE PRESIDIOIUM OF THE FEDERAL COMMITTEE OF THE SOCIALIST ALLIANCE OF YUGO WORKING PEOPLE DISCUSSED AT A MEETING CERTAIN PRESS PROBLEMS.

TANjug Reports Jan 31st.

Tito received today the newly appointed French ambassador in Yugoslavia Vincent Broustra (1); Bulgarian Premier Yuvov who flew over Yugo territory sent a greeting telegram to Tito (2); a record on Yugo-French trade talks was signed in Belgrade today (3); Masanobu Tsujii, representative of the Japanese government arrived in Belgrade (4); the presidium of the socialist alliance of Yugo working people had a meeting today (5); the CSR ambassador in Belgrade gave a reception for the CSR cultural delegation now in Yugoslavia (6); the Cambodian minister Varkamal arrived in Belgrade tonight (7).

ALBANIAN MONITORING HIGHLIGHTS - Jan. 31-Feb. 1, 1957

1. Z.I.P. CRITICISM.

(Feb. 1-TIRANA: 0649) ZERI I POPULIT LEADER IS TITLED "WHAT ARE WE STILL WAITING FOR? WHY ARE SEVRES AND IRRIGATION CANALS NOT CLEANED?" -

Z.I.P. OBSERVES THAT SOMETHING IN THIS REGARD IS BEING DONE IN VLORE, TIRANA AND BERAT, BUT IS CRITICAL OF INDIFFERENCE SHOWN IN OTHER REGIONS. MEETINGS TO DISCUSS THE PROBLEM HAVE BEEN HELD BUT WITH NO CONCRETE RESULTS. IN SKHODER ONLY SEVEN WORKERS OUT OF THE 250 NEEDED HAVE GONE TO THIS WORK. IN OTHER TOWNS NO ONE WENT OUT OF 200. THE LESSON OF SHORTCOMINGS LAST YEAR, WHICH RESULTED IN POOR CROPS, SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN VAIN, Z.I.P. CONCLUDES.

2. ECHOES TO BULGARIAN VISIT.

(JAN. 31-TIRANA: 2000) IN STATEMENTS MADE TO ATA, TIRANA WORKERS HAVE EXPRESSED THEIR APPROVAL OF PRINCIPLES CONTAINED IN YESTERDAY'S ALBANO-BULGARIAN JOINT DECLARATION.

- ALSO THE BULGARIAN PRESS HAS GIVEN MUCH ATTENTION TO VISIT OF BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION, AND ALBANO-BULGARIAN TALKS.

- (ATA-JAN. 31-ITEM TWO) COMMENTING ON BULGARIAN STAY IN ALBANIA, BASHKINI EDITORially SAYS THE ALBANO-BULGARIAN DECLARATION ON THE STAY OF THE BULGARIAN DELEGATION IN ALBANIA HAS A GREAT SIGNIFICANCE. BASHKINI SEES IN ALBANO-BULGARIAN TALKS "A GREAT STEP ON ROAD OF MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT OF RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO SOCIALIST REPUBLICS...".

2. OTHER FOREIGN RELATIONS.